

EVELYN SAYS: "Told Harry Everything."

I told him (Harry) everything, and he shook his head. "Poor little Evelyn!" he said, laying his hand on my shoulder, "they have been lying to you." I told him, too, of Stanford White—From Evelyn Thaw's own story, disclosing full, intimate details for the first time, published in next Sunday's AMERICAN.

THAW, 10 WEEKS FREE, STILL BALKS JEROME

Worcester, N. H., Oct. 12.—Harry K. Thaw has enjoyed eight weeks of freedom from Mattawamkeet.

Surprising developments in this fight for permanent liberty instill the confidence that he will never be returned.

Not since the dreadful night when the inmates of Madison Square Hotel Gardens were thrown into custody by an unexpected revolver shot and saw Stanford White writing in the th of death has Thaw been so free.

His relatives, too, William Travers Jerome, who, for eight years, has pursued Thaw, and who is combined with the State officials of New York to retouch him in the these asylum, has been electrified at every turn.

Confidence in the foundation arose upon which the Thaw resistance is erected. Thaw voices his optimism in the laconic expression, "I have had enough of the asylum." His lawyers assert with equal brightness that in their belief Thaw cannot be "railroaded" back to New York under the p of law.

Thaw's immediate liberty is in the hands of Samuel D. Ficker, Governor of New Hampshire, to whom the State officials of New York, through the persistent Jerome, has appealed for extradition. Governor Ficker gives absolutely no suggestion of what his decision may be.

In accordance with a request from Jerome, Governor Ficker has continued the time for filing further information to October 20. An extraordinary Grand Jury decision has been called in New York to the avowed purpose of inducing Thaw for conspiracy, District Attorney Charles H. Whitman is quoted as saying that it would be inadvisable for New York to charge with crime a man who has been adjudged insane, as an insane man cannot commit crime.

Further charges against Jerome have been made in a public statement issued by Thaw. The latest accusation is that Jerome neglected to supply the Thaw lawyers—in accordance with the established courtesy of the profession—with a copy of his appeal to Governor Ficker for a continuance of the extradition proceedings. Thaw's lawyers have demanded to know the contents of the Jerome letter, and their demand has been unavailing. Thaw says that it is rumored that several lunatic asylums and metropolitan hospitals appear in the letter, and he demands an opportunity to reply to them.

With the adjournment of the District County Grand Jury, it became known that an indictment had not been returned. Jerome offers as an excuse his Council statement, the suggestion that an indictment was not and subsequently rescinded. In refutation of that statement, Thaw asserts that it is almost impossible to believe that twenty-two men of sound judgment would vote to charge a man with a misdemeanor and

immediately come to a sudden change of opinion.

Meanwhile the taxpayers of Dutchess County are raising violent protest to the unusual expenditures of money to recapture Thaw. The spectacle of chasing an insane person, convicted of no crime in the eyes of the law with special train, armed deputies and high-priced lawyers, induces highly unfavorable comment from the citizens who will be called upon to foot the bill. Jerome has presented several vouchers to the comptroller of New York, but that official has drawn no check to cover them. Boston & Maine officials admit that they have not received the \$204 for the special train that whisked Jerome into New Hampshire when Thaw was dumped across the Canadian line.

Attorney John P. Higwood of Philadelphia, N. Y., who says he knows the Dutchess County opinion, has advised that the delivery and the demand that Jerome "deliver the goods," before Thaw should be returned to New York, there will be sufficiently amount to make a public demonstration in Thaw's favor.

Secret agents of Jerome are believed to have been spying on the Concord developments in the Thaw camp. The famous fugitive, himself, declared that a mysterious stranger, who possessed of several professions, and also of intimacies with Joseph Thaw, has persistently ascertained information from the Thaw lawyers and attaches. Joseph Thaw does not know the man.

Finally the advisers attacked Attorney F. R. E. Melnitz up against the wall.

Thaw's supreme struggle for freedom involves an amazing mass of legal possibilities which combine to practically guarantee him semi-liberty at least two years. Governor Ficker's decision, should it be to extradite Thaw, will remove not one of a series of legal steps upon which Thaw expects to eventually sue to liberty. The case will go from Governor Ficker to the United States District Court on a writ of habeas corpus which Thaw has sued. In the trial of this case practically the same questions as those involved in the extradition proceedings will be in order.

Thaw's lawyer's maintain that an offense is not charged. They admit that Jerome effectively sued for Thaw's commitment the overt act of walking out of the insane asylum grounds. Qualifying this admission, the lawyers declare that Thaw had a perfect right to walk out.

Consequently, according to the Thaw lawyer's interpretation, of the Thaw statutes, is a collision between two or more persons to do an unlawful act or to perform a lawful act by unlawful means. They are confident that Governor Ficker will decide that the officials are

NEW VIEW OF EVELYN NESBIT THAW



stranger. Melnitz ostensibly betrayed the Thaw secrets but in reality gathered much more information than the unfounded stories he told the stranger of the Thaw deluge. Detective Sergeant John T. O'Brien of Manchester was called into the case and soon afterward the stranger was arrested with a civil suit by Sheriff P. Smith for a bill contracted in Manchester five years ago. The stranger is no longer in Concord.

Thaw Since She Returned to the Stage.

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LOVE STORY OF EVELYN AND HARRY THAW

CHAPTER XLIII.

"And this another pretty story. To add his bit to the record."

Concluded with the wife about the reported affidavit there came a statement by William Watson, chairman of the National Thaw Society, who had been in the city for some time.

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interior statements into the document to his own hand. The original was said to have been photographed and then destroyed, with the photographic copy sent to the printer.

Thaw said the case well decided.

Miss Judge Thaw made his opinion, and the case was decided.

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BLANKETS

Tuesday, October 14, we shall make an unusual offering of very fine blankets at very low prices, quality considered. We doubt if there are any better blankets made. The goods are fresh and perfect; ample variety in colors, sizes and grades. The offering is large and prices show a saving of \$3.00, \$5.00 and \$8.00 per pair and in at least one grade even more.

A Remarkable Sale of Fine Grades of Wool Blankets

Hermosa Blankets	
Every pair is fresh and clean and guaranteed perfect in every way.	
32 pairs, 60x84.	Now, pair, \$10.00.
27 pairs, 72x84.	Now, pair, \$5.75.
19 pairs, 72x84.	Now, pair, \$7.50.
9 pairs, 72x84.	Now, pair, \$7.50.
18 pairs, 72x84.	Now, pair, \$12.00.
15 pairs, 72x84.	Now, pair, \$12.75.
17 pairs, 72x84.	Now, pair, \$15.50.
33 pairs, 72x108.	Now, pair, \$14.00.
16 pairs, 72x108.	Now, pair, \$14.50.
40 pairs, 78x84.	Now, pair, \$6.75.
50 pairs, 78x84.	Now, pair, \$7.50.
80 pairs, 78x84.	Now, pair, \$8.50.
24 pairs, 78x84.	Now, pair, \$15.00.
12 pairs, 78x84.	Now, pair, \$16.00.
14 pairs, 90x90.	Now, pair, \$15.00.
19 pairs, 90x90.	Now, pair, \$18.00.

Number 535
All wool filling on good thread warp and bound singly, with 4-inch Ribbon Binding, Blue or Pink Borders.

60x84.	\$8.50 per pair
70x84.	\$10.00 per pair

Number 541
Strictly All Wool Blankets, warp and filling, Blue or Pink Borders.

60x84.	\$5.00 per pair
70x84.	\$6.00 per pair
78x84.	\$7.00 per pair

Number 539
Wool filling on good thread warp. Blankets bound with 3-inch Ribbon Binding, Blue or Pink Borders.

60x84.	\$4.50 per pair
60x90.	\$5.50 per pair
70x84.	\$5.00 per pair
70x90.	\$6.75 per pair
78x84.	\$6.75 per pair

Number 140
All wool filling, good thread warp.

72x84.	\$11.00 grade, \$7.50
78x84.	\$12.50 grade, \$8.50

Number 537
60x90 wool filling, cotton warp, for large double beds, 78x84.

60x90.	\$4.75
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Number 543
All wool filling, good thread warp. Plaid Blankets, Blue and White, Pink and White, Tan and White, Red and Black.

60x80.	\$3.75 per pair
72x84.	\$4.75 per pair

Plaid Blankets
Strictly All Wool Plaid Blankets, Blue and White, Pink and White, Gray and White, Tan and White, Red and Black. Exceptional values.

72x84. \$7.50, \$9.00, \$10.00 per pair

Austrian Blankets
Very fine All Wool, Jacquard Patterns.

60x80. \$21.00 grade, \$15.00 each

See Our Window Display
Tremont Street and Temple Place

R. H. STEARNS & COMPANY

Beautiful Blouses and Waists

Most of them are blouses—they can hardly be called waists, as the soft, draping outlines more fully portray the graceful, hanging effect of the blouse.

CHIFFON BLOUSES \$7.25 to \$22.50

LACE BLOUSES 2.95 to \$5.00

GEORGETTE CREPE WAISTS 6.00 to 19.75

MESSALINE WAISTS 5.00 to 12.75

VOILE WAISTS 1.95 to 15.00

NET WAISTS 2.95 to 29.50

CREPE DE CHINE BLOUSES 5.95 to 20.00

BROCADED WAISTS 5.00 to 9.75

CREPE WAISTS 1.95 to 10.75

FLANNEL WAISTS 1.50 to 4.00

Chandler & Co.
Tremont Street—Near West

NOTICE!

Sale of Wells-Burridge Stock of China and Glass

Begins Tuesday Morning October 14

AT 338 BOYLSTON STREET

CHINA

Includes the products of six of the most celebrated English China manufacturers, such as MINTONS, CAULDON, DOULTON, ROYAL WORCESTER, COALPORT and WEDGWOOD, as well as those of some of the foremost makers in France.

Dinner and Breakfast Sets. Richly Decorated plates for any course. Tea and Coffee Sets, Bouillon Sets, Salad Sets, Candlesticks, Guest Room and Bath Room Sets.

GLASSWARE

English, French, Swedish and American

Rock Crystal and Etched Patterns from the WEBB & CORBETT, BACCARAT and KOSTA factories.

Best American makes are also well represented both in Tableware and ornamental pieces. They include Libbey glass and Dorrington glass, comprising unique pieces in Bows, Vases, Decanters and Cordial Sets.

Entire Stock Offered at Discounts of 40% and 50%

TERMS OF SALE

Goods will be offered as shown to one of our customers, and the highest bidder will take the goods at the price named. The goods will be sold on credit, and the balance must be paid in cash.

NOTE CAREFULLY TIME AND PLACE OF SALE

R. H. STEARNS & COMPANY

JAN KURELK DELIGHTS \$3,000 AT SYMPHONY

By FREDERICK JOHNS.

Not much more than the Sunday after-noon of the week-end last, Jan Kurelek, a Polish-born pianist, gave his first recital in this city, and it was a most successful one. The little wizard of the piano had brought a program which was popular in his native Poland. He has traveled around the world since his last appearance in Boston and it was seen as if the young artist had returned to his native land. He has traveled around the world since his last appearance in Boston and it was seen as if the young artist had returned to his native land.

Why Washburn Wasn't Recognized at the C. C. Banquet

Representative Washburn of Wisconsin was not recognized at the City Club banquet last night.

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ANNA KATHARINE GREEN STOP TO BE IN AMERICAN

Anna Katharine Green has written a book for the American people.

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THIRD ANNIVERSARY OF OUR BANNER SALE OF OUR BARGAIN

Tuesday & Wednesday
OCTOBER 14th & 15th

Two Great Bargain
Aisles and 24 Special
Tables will be filled with
some of the most sensa-
tional values—Bargains
impossible to duplicate
elsewhere.

Jordan Marsh Great Base The Best Ventilated Base A Store Within a Store for the Sale

Tuesday & Wednesday We Celebrate the Our Famous Bann

With a Wonderful Carnival of Rare Bargains, Greater in Numbers, Greater in Extraordinary Sales that have made this the Most Widely Known New England. We have spared no effort to break all selling records. For several months our large force of Buyers has been searching for the most sensational values. A Bargain Event which the Women

Look for the Basement Bann

Labor Leader Killed

BROOKLINE, Oct. 13.—George F. Mead, labor leader, was killed today when he crashed under a rolling car on Main street, was a prominent labor man.

Saved from Drunkards' Graves

Five of Families Made Happy by Remova Shows Startling Increase.

It is the first time that the number of families saved from the clutches of the drunkard has increased since the first year of the campaign.

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Declares Drowned Sailor Was Her Boy

NEW YORK, Oct. 13.—When Mrs. J. T. Connerly of New York claimed one of the three men drowned in Bridgeport Harbor, September 28, as her son, she was met by a group of men who were the crew of the ship.

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Who Makes This Cloth?

Put these four words to the man with whom you trade. Ask him about the advantages of selecting American Woolen Company Style Fabrics for Men and Women.

He will tell you that these fabrics correctly express the latest styles. They tailor well, wear well. They are dependable in quality and low in cost—made possible by combining the facilities and output of 30 mills.

Producing by modern machinery and standards in high-grade, ready-to-wear suits and overcoats.

American Woolen Company Style Fabrics for Men and Women are made in New York and Pennsylvania, and offered in New York, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania.

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Great Banner Bargain Sale of Beautiful New 16.50 Coats

Tuesday and Wednesday 12.25

Exactly like picture of all-wool, wide-wale diagonal and velvet quality cheviot, lined throughout with yarn-dyed navy blue broad cloth. A very dressy garment to wear with smart skirts.

One model shown here in picture, of all-wool, mannish serge, mixtures and corduroys. Some are slightly draped at side, others plain tailored.

Warner's New 8.75 Raincoats, made of poplin, yoke lined, flap pockets. Sale price 3.98.

Warner's New 9.75 Sports Coats, all-wool plain material, patch pockets and belt. Sale price 6.98.

Warner's New 12.50 Sports Coats, excellent quality, all-wool, patch pockets and belt. Sale price 7.50.

Warner's New 15.00 Black Broadcloth Coats, lined throughout with yarn-dyed navy blue broad cloth. Sale price 12.25.

Warner's New 18.00 All-Wool Kersey Coats, collar and cuffs of black all-wool kersey. Sale price 12.50.

Warner's New 15.00 Coats, fancy houndstooth plaid collar and cuffs, lined throughout. Sale price 11.98.

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Misses and Girls

Misses' 15.00 New Fall Suits, cutaway model with new style skirt. 11.50

Misses' 2.95 Skirts, of serge, blue and black. 2.95

Misses' 10.50 Chiffon Dancin Frocks, new accordion double flounce model. 7.50

Misses' 7.50 All Wool Serge Dresses, school dresses. 4.95

Misses' 12.50 Wide Wale Corduroy Sport Coats, navy, brown and black. 7.50

Misses' 5.00 Stylish Corduroy Coats, Bala and style. 3.95

Girls' 1.00 to 1.00 Washable Dresses. 79c

Girls' 1.50 to 3.95 Washable Dresses, various fine materials. 95c

Girls' 4.50 Fine All Wool Serge Dresses, in navy blue, 6 to 14 years. 2.95

Women's Neckwear

4.95 Imported Marabout and Ostrich Capes, with heavy silk ends. 2.75

3.00 to 4.50 Imported Marabout Stoles, five and six strand. 1.98

5.95 Imported Marabout Stoles and Capes, brown with white and black with white. 3.95

4.50 Imported Marabout Muffs with heavy silk lining. 2.75

5.00 Lace Dress Collars, round and new shapes. 25c

75c to 1.25 Sample Lace Neckwear, lace collars in the long black shape square collars, sailor collars, new shape collars and 49c

50c Embroidered Collars, deep point collars, sailor collars and round collars. 25c

25c Venice Lace Stocks, in various colors and high widths. 15c

2.95 Irish Lace Neckwear, round for dress or coat. 1.49

Ribbons

15c to 17c Ribbons, 6 to 12 inches wide. 15c

59c 6-inch Taffeta, 6 to 12 inches wide. 59c

25c Taffeta, 6 to 12 inches wide, green, white and navy. 25c

55c Fancy Edge Dresden, 6 to 12 inches wide. 55c

39c to 59c Plaid, 6 to 12 inches wide. 39c

19c to 23c Moire, 6 to 12 inches wide. 19c

25c Dresden, 6 to 12 inches wide. 25c

29c Moire, 6 to 12 inches wide. 29c

69c to 79c Ribbons, 6 to 12 inches wide. 69c

35c to 49c Ribbons, 6 to 12 inches wide. 35c

49c Ribbons, 6 to 12 inches wide. 49c

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Coats and Skirts

Women's New 3.75 Skirts, all wool trimmings. 1.98

Women's New 4.50 Skirts, in mixtures and serges. 2.75

42c Real Irish Crochet Edges and Insertions. 25c

25c White and Ecru Shadow Edges. 12c

37c to 50c White Shadow Lace Flouncings, 18 to 22 inches. 21c

62c Real Irish Crochet Edges and Insertions, 1 and 2 inches. 39c

75c Real Irish Crochet Edges, 1 1/4 inch. 49c

50c White Cotton Net, 52 inches. 39c

98c White Shadow Lace Flouncings, 18 to 22 inches. 62c

1.00 Black Silk Chantilly Allover Net, 52 inches. 49c

1.25 to 1.50 White Shadow Lace Flouncings, 18 to 22 inches. 69c

7.50 White Beaded Lace Tunics. 4.49

Footwear

3.00 Women's Button and Blucher Boots, gun metal, patent leather and buckram. 1.95

2.25 Women's Gun Metal and Patent Leather Boots and Blucher Boots, good range of sizes and widths. 1.35

Misses' and Children's Gun Metal Nature Shape Shoes, Misses' 1.50, sizes 11 to 12. 1.20

1.75 Boys' sizes, 1 to 6. 1.00

Boys' and Little Men's School Shoes, all solid leather and guaranteed for service. 1.20

1.35 Little Men's sizes, 9 to 13. 1.00

Umbrellas

Men's and Women's 1.25 American Taffeta Umbrellas, plain and fancy handles. 69c

Men's and Women's 1.50 Girls' Umbrellas, plain and fancy handles. 95c

Men's and Women's 2.50 Imported Girls' Umbrellas, sterling silver handles. 1.49

Cotton Underwear

50c Muslin Nightgowns, 39c

65c Muslin Nightgowns, lace and neck, trimmed with embroidery. 49c

1.20 Muslin G

Sh Company ment Store ement Store in Boston of the Less Expensive Lines of Goods

October 14th and 15th
Third Anniversary of
Banner Bargain Sale
eater in Quantities of Merchandise and Greater in Savings than even
va and Extensively Patronized Regular Monthly Bargain Event in
is for this sale.
ing the markets for the very Best Inexpensive Goods to make this
of New England Will Long Remember.
ers---They Signal Big Savings

- ### Boys' Clothing

Boys' 6.50 All Wool 2 Pants
Suits, Norfolk style, 49c
size 8 to 17 years.

Boys' 5.00 Russian and Sailor
Blouse Suits, in gray and
brown mixtures, sizes 8
to 9 years. 3.85

Boys' 5.00 All Wool Norfolk
Jacket Suits, mixed cheviots,
lined knickers, 7 to 18
years. 3.85

Boys' 5.00 Blue and Gray All
Wool Frieze Russian
Overcoats, 3 to 10
years. 2.98

Boys' 2.75 Black Rubber Coats,
lining slightly soiled,
size 8 to 15 years. 1.85

Boys' 6.50 Blue Chinchilla
Russian Overcoats, in gray
and blue, 3 to 10
years. 4.50

Boys' 5.00 School Overcoats,
dark patterns, sizes 8 to
15 years only. 3.45

Boys' 5.00 Golf Caps, in
gray assorted, all sizes. 39c

Boys' 7.50 All 5.14
Scarfs, ass'd patterns. 1.25c
- ### Silks

1.00 to 2.50 Velvets, Velours,
Plaques and Velveteens, 20
to 35 inches wide, sample
pieces, black and colored. 49c

39c Colored Moire, 24-inch,
fitted light and dark
shades. 29c

1.00 Satin Duchess, 49c
twenty shades.

39c Black Union Crepe
de Chine, 27-inch. 39c

65c Black Tulle, 26-inch. 39c

75c Black Peau de Crepe, 39c

79c Natural Pongee, 49c
yard wide.

1.50 Black Satin, 40-
inch wide. 89c

65c to 1.00 Velvets, Vel-
veteens, mill ends. 29c

58c to 1.00 Novelty Silks, 39c

20 to 26-inch. 1.19

Velour, 32-inch. 1.19

1.50 Black Velveteen, 27 to 31, 1.15

- ## Great Banner Bargain Sale of Women's \$125. Blended Squirrel Coats
- Tuesday and Wednesday 87.50
- This is one of the most beautiful Squirrel Coats ever
offered in Boston at anywhere near this price. Very
latest model, 52 inches long, Berlin dye; made of new
fresh skins, large deep shawl collar and cutaway front.
- 3.00 Fancy Coney Muffs, black and sable. 1.98
- 3.50 Russian Hare Muffs, black. 2.98
- 3.25 Black Russian Hare Muffs, very fine. 3.95
- 7.00 Black French Coney Muffs. 4.98
- 2.00 Genuine Black Fox Muffs, see silky skins. 10.95
- 15.00 Natural Racoon Muffs, two skins. 12.75
- 22.50 Natural Racoon Muffs, three skins. 15.95
- 18.00 Australian Wolf Sets. 13.95
- 20.00 Australian Wolf Sets, two skin seals. 15.75
- 40.00 Black Fox Sets, two skin seals. 24.95
- 35.00 Natural Racoon Sets, two skin seals. 25.95
- 30.00 Special Natural Racoon Sets. 21.49
- 35.00 Black Pony Coats, 45
inches long. 26.98
- 6.00 Black Pony Coats, rac-
oon collar and cuffs. 34.49
- 6.00 Natural Pony Coats,
beaver or racoon trim. 63.75
- 75.00 Near-Seal Coats, 45
inches long. 65.00
- 75.00 Marmot Coats, racoon
collar and cuffs. 63.75
- 67.50 Electric Seal Coats, 45
inches long. 49.95

- ## Bargain Sale of Hats
- 00 to 7.50
- Women's 1.50 and 2.00 Wool
Mixed Union Suits, 1.98c
- Women's 2.00 and 2.50 Wool
Mixed Union Suits. 1.98
- Women's 2.00 and 3.00
Mercerized Suits 1.49
- Women's 1.00 and 1.25 Bleach-
ed Vests and Pants, jersey rib-
bed. 69c
- Women's 50c Fleeced Union
Suits, bleached, high neck,
long sleeve, ankle, sec-
onds. 37c
- Women's 85c to 1.25 Vests and
Pants, wool mixed and mercer-
ized, medium and heavy,
regular and extra, second.
seconds. 69c
- Women's 50c and 62c Vests
and Pants, bleached, second,
seconds. 37c
- Women's 50c Fleeced Vests
and Pants, jersey ribbed,
second, seconds. 17c
- Children's 25c and 35c Bleach-
ed Vests and Pants, jersey rib-
bed, second, 10 to 15 years.
19c
- Boys' 50c Union Suits, sil-
ver gray, second, sec-
onds. 37c
- Children's 75c Cotton
Union Suits, drop seat 29c

Hundreds of Extra
Salespeople have been en-
gaged for this Great
Economy Event. Every
effort will be made to serve
you most intelligently and
promptly.

Tuesday & Wednesday OCTOBER 14th & 15th

THIRD ANNIVERSARY OF OUR BANNER BARGAIN SALE

You all read Mr. Cassidy's ex-
planation of the rotten egg business in
the Sunday AMERICAN. He
charged the following individuals
and firms with selling rotten eggs
contrary to law:

H. Brown of No. 171 Fulton
street, Boston.

Standard Egg Company of No.
113 South Market street, Bos-
ton.

Hagan Egg Company of No.
143 Fulton street, Boston.

J. Polles of No. 37 Ferry
street, Everett.

He asks today what the State
Board of Health is going to do
about it.

By HARRY P. CASSIDY.

In yesterday's AMERICAN I
charged several firms with selling
rotten eggs in defiance of law. I
gave the evidence in detail, I told
you where, how many and to
whom these rotten eggs were sold.
I did it to arouse the people to the
danger of eating poisonous, gram-
mled eggs and to prevent them from
being swindled. The AMERICAN
expressed its time and money to establish
the existence of the rotten egg busi-
ness beyond any possibility of refuta-
tion.

It takes special time and money to
prove beyond a doubt that the State
Board of Health, charged by law to
protect the public health, is not
doing its duty.

Section 5 of Chapter 804 of the
Acts of 1902, as amended, reads:
"THE STATE BOARD OF HEALTH
SHALL ENFORCE THE PROHIBITION
OF THE SALE OF ROTTEN EGGS."
Note the word does not say MAY EN-
FORCE. It says SHALL ENFORCE.
The State Board of Health and it
has not enforced the law. It has
not sent the evidence to the State
Attorney General. It has not
charged anyone against rotten eggs
contrary to law. It has not
sent a single person to jail for
violating the law.

Plenty of Authority.

I showed that the eggs were being
sold in Malden, in Everett, The State
Board and its inspectors know that
these eggs are being sold in other
parts of the State. If they say they
don't, they say they are not doing
their duty.

The State Board of Health has for
months been accused of neglect of duty,
of not doing its duty, of not doing
what the law requires of it.

I am going to tell all public authori-
ties that they have plenty of authority. If
State health officers claim that pro-
visions cannot be enforced under the
law, based on the AMERICAN and
other papers, and if the public are
further convinced, let them use the
National Food Inspection Act.

This law was passed September 20,
1906, and it is a Federal law. It
says that if a State health officer
says that he has no authority to
enforce the law, he is in violation of
the law.

WHAT IT SHALL BE THE DUTY OF
THE STATE BOARD OF HEALTH TO
DO UNDER THE NATIONAL FOOD
INSPECTION ACT. THE SECRETARY OF AGRICUL-
TURE, U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICUL-
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COMMEND THE ENFORCEMENT OF THIS ACT, OR
TO WITHDRAW ANOTHER STATE.
THE NATIONAL FOOD INSPECTION ACT
IS A FEDERAL LAW, AND IT IS THE
DUTY OF THE STATE BOARD OF HEALTH
TO ENFORCE IT. THE SECRETARY OF AGRICUL-
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Great Banner Bargain Sale of New 25.00 Broadcloth Suits

Tuesday and Wednesday 17.90

As shown here in figure on the right. A high grade
broadcloth suit, interlined and lined with yarn dyed-
self color, convertible collar, with overlaid velvet
and velvet strip and ash on back of coat, which can be
worn or not as pleases customer. This suit can be had
in taupe, green, brown, navy and black.

Handsome New 16.50 Suits For This Sale Only 12.50

As shown in figure on left. An excellent quality
of broadcloth, made in a very stylish model, trimmed with
braid and fancy ornaments on front of coat. Choice of
navy, brown and black.

Splendid New 15.00 Suits Only 10.00

Made of heavy diagonal suitings, colors, two
toned effects, red and black, brown and black
and navy and black.

- ### Infants' Wear

Infants' 50c Silk and Wool
Bands, shoulder straps and tabs,
all sizes, slightly imper-
fect. 25c

Infants' 25c Cashmere Hose,
assorted, all sizes, sec-
onds. 12c

Infants' 50c Wool Shirts, wrap-
per front, crocheted edge of silk,
all sizes, slightly imper-
fect. 29c

Children's 7.50 Coats, imported
chiffon, two to a lot. 4.95

Children's 2.00 Hats, velvet
and corduroy to match coats,
two to seven years. 1.98

Children's 1.50 Gaiters,
Dresses, midly
style. 1.19

Children's 3.50 Wool Vests
and Coats, wool coat,
effects, one, two and
three years. 2.49

Children's 1.00 Corduroy Bon-
nets, silk lined, Dutch style,
six months to three
years. 49c

Children's 1.35 and 2.00 Swea-
ters, all wool, assorted
colors, 1 to 6 years. 98c

Infants' 75c Long and Short
White Dresses, fine
mink, bishop style. 50c

Children's 2.00 White French
Dresses, dainty, em-
broidered, 2 to 6
years. 1.50

Infants' 3.00 to 4.00 Capes,
cashmere and crepe,
silk lined hood. 2.25
- ### Women's Gloves

Women's 2.50 16-Button Lamb-
skin Gloves, black and white,
three clasps at 1.75

Women's 85c 2-clasp Schmaech-
en Gloves, overseas, black, one
new embroidery, tan, black, white,
red, and dark green
shades. 55c

Women's 85c 1-clasp Pique
Suede Gloves, black,
gray, tan, mode shades. 55c

Women's 79c 1-clasp Cape
Gloves, black, tan
shades. 65c

Women's 85c 1-clasp Pique
Sew Schmaechen
Gloves, black only. 65c
- ### Bed Clothing

3.00 Plaid Blankets, for
full size beds. 2.49

4.75 White Blankets, 3.49

1.25 Crochet Spreads, 79c

1.25 Crochet Spreads, 1.19

2.00 Crochet Spreads, 1.39

1.00 Comfortables, cot-
ton filled. 95c

1.25 Comfortables, cot-
ton filled. 1.49

3.50 Wool Comfort-
ables. 2.69
- ### Veilings

1.50 Chiffon 'Striped
Edge Veils, in all colors
1.00 to 2.00 Odds and Ends
Chiffon and Lace
Veils. 59c

75c Hexagon Mesh Veils, 1/2
yards, white and
colors. 35c

65c New Parasole Veils,
all colors. 25c

Great Banner Bargain Sale of 1.00 & 1.50 Fancy Voile and Lawn Waists

Tuesday and Wednesday 69c

Variety of pretty models to choose from,
high and low necks, some with lace collar,
some embroidered, others with fine tucking and
lace insertions.

5.00 & 6.00 Silk Waists now only 2.98

Beautiful Lace, Chiffon and Messaline
Waists in all the new colors and latest styles.

1.00 Waist, striped voile, raitine and madras,
in shirt style and tuckdown collar. 49c

1.50 to 2.00 French Lawn Waists, very daintily
trimmed. 98c

2.00 Messaline, Lace and Chiffon Blouses,
variety of colors. 1.49

3.00 to 5.00 Handsome Lace Waists, fancy
nets and chiffon models. 1.98

THE EGG CASES OF THE BOARD

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TO WITHDRAW ANOTHER STATE.

SEEK PERFECT COUPE TO WED FOR EGENICS

NEW YORK, Oct. 13.—Pete Van-
derbilt to start a home, and find on
the North of the first child, in the sum-
mer of the next year. The first child
will be named after the mother, and
the second after the father. The third
will be named after the mother, and
the fourth after the father. The fifth
will be named after the mother, and
the sixth after the father. The seventh
will be named after the mother, and
the eighth after the father. The ninth
will be named after the mother, and
the tenth after the father. The eleventh
will be named after the mother, and
the twelfth after the father. The thirteenth
will be named after the mother, and
the fourteenth after the father. The fifteenth
will be named after the mother, and
the sixteenth after the father. The seventeenth
will be named after the mother, and
the eighteenth after the father. The nineteenth
will be named after the mother, and
the twentieth after the father. The twenty-first
will be named after the mother, and
the twenty-second after the father. The twenty-third
will be named after the mother, and
the twenty-fourth after the father. The twenty-fifth
will be named after the mother, and
the twenty-sixth after the father. The twenty-seventh
will be named after the mother, and
the twenty-eighth after the father. The twenty-ninth
will be named after the mother, and
the thirtieth after the father. The thirty-first
will be named after the mother, and
the thirty-second after the father. The thirty-third
will be named after the mother, and
the thirty-fourth after the father. The thirty-fifth
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the thirty-sixth after the father. The thirty-seventh
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the thirty-eighth after the father. The thirty-ninth
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the fortieth after the father. The forty-first
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the forty-second after the father. The forty-third
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the forty-sixth after the father. The forty-seventh
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the forty-eighth after the father. The forty-ninth
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the sixty-eighth after the father. The sixty-ninth
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the seventieth after the father. The seventy-first
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the seventy-fourth after the father. The seventy-fifth
will be named after the mother, and
the seventy-sixth after the father. The seventy-seventh
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the seventy-eighth after the father. The seventy-ninth
will be named after the mother, and
the eightieth after the father. The eighty-first
will be named after the mother, and
the eighty-second after the father. The eighty-third
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will be named after the mother, and
the eighty-sixth after the father. The eighty-seventh
will be named after the mother, and
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the ninetieth after the father. The ninety-first
will be named after the mother, and
the ninety-second after the father. The ninety-third
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the ninety-fourth after the father. The ninety-fifth
will be named after the mother, and
the ninety-sixth after the father. The ninety-seventh
will be named after the mother, and
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will be named after the mother, and
the hundredth after the father. The hundred-first
will be named after the mother, and
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the hundred-eighth after the father. The hundred-ninth
will be named after the mother, and
the hundred-tenth after the father. The hundred-eleventh
will be named after the mother, and
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the hundred-fourteenth after the father. The hundred-fifteenth
will be named after the mother, and
the hundred-sixteenth after the father. The hundred-seventeenth
will be named after the mother, and
the hundred-eighteenth after the father. The hundred-nineteenth
will be named after the mother, and
the hundred-twentieth after the father. The hundred-twenty-first
will be named after the mother, and
the hundred-twenty-second after the father. The hundred-twenty-third
will be named after the mother, and
the hundred-twenty-fourth after the father. The hundred-twenty-fifth
will be named after the mother, and
the hundred-twenty-sixth after the father. The hundred-twenty-seventh
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MURDER'S NEW WITNESS FOR EATON TRIAL

Continued from First Page.

St. Luke's hospital, New Bedford, where she was at the time of Admiral Eaton's death. Miss Howard declares that she is greatly pained at the situation, as she knows nothing of the case with might be of value to either side.

Last Sunday in jail. Mrs. Eaton has had her last walk in the jail yard before she faces trial tomorrow in the Plymouth court. Her last Sunday in jail was quiet, and the principal events consisted of a final touch to the notes by which she expects to acquit herself of the charge, and the trying on of a gown, made by Dorothy Alsworth, her daughter, which she will wear at the trial.

There was considerable activity today on both sides. Attorney William A. Morse, chief counsel for the defense, held an important conference with his client today. District Attorney Barker was also active preparing his case, but declined to comment upon his work.

Mrs. Eaton, who was arrested last March charged with the murder of her husband, is ready for the ordeal, she is in good spirits and declares that her name will be cleared of the charge. Admiral Eaton, a retired naval officer, died on March 8. Dr. Joseph Francis of Hingham had been called to the Eaton home in West Norwell a few days before he was killed and a result of the stomach were sent to Professor Whitney of Harvard for analysis.

March 15 the death of Mrs. Eaton was presented such curious and mysterious aspects that District Attorney Barker began an investigation. Mrs. Eaton was arrested on March 15. A grand jury indicted her on several counts and upon her appearance in criminal session of the Superior court entered a plea of not guilty to all specific counts in the indictment.

First count—Poisoning of Joseph G. Eaton by white arsenic, beginning with future of the same and ending on March 15, 1913, day of death, by giving said poison, with water.

Second count—Poisoning with white arsenic, beginning with future of the same and ending on March 15, 1913, by giving mixed with water.

Third count—Poisoning with white arsenic on March 7, 1913, by some means or manner unknown to the grand jury.

Fourth count—Poisoning by white arsenic from Jan. 1, 1913, to March 8, 1913, by some means and manner unknown to grand jury.

Fifth count—Poisoning by white arsenic on March 7, 1913.

Sixth count—Poisoning by white arsenic from January 1, 1913, to March 8, 1913.

150 Talsman Called.

Mrs. Eaton has two daughters, by a former marriage. Mrs. Jane Alsworth Keyes and Dorothy Alsworth Eaton. Mrs. Eaton is the divorced wife of Henry Alsworth, who at one time was prominent in Washington society. It will be a witness at the trial. Following her divorce from him she became a nurse in the family of Henry Alsworth Eaton.

The Eaton lived in what is known as "The Elms." It is believed that many of the Eaton neighbors will be prominent witnesses. Many claim conversations have received a summons to appear tomorrow. One hundred and fifty witnesses have been summoned.

MRS. EATON READY FOR GREAT ORDEAL BEFORE THE JURY BY GERTRUDE ELIOT.

It is as you wonder what of all we eat, we hear a voice and the saying follows. It is no head that is the head of the world. These words with them, these words follow.

Read if you will and live the words for me, read for the love of the flowers for me, love, though all these words that be, for last will live, for last will live.

These verses, passed many years ago, have touched a responsive chord within the tender heart of Mrs. Jennie May Thornton Eaton.

Today, only twenty-four hours before she goes on trial for the alleged murder of her husband, Rear Admiral Joseph Gillis Eaton, she mused over those lines.

So absorbed is she with the lore of yesterday that she apparently pays no heed to the present.

The stage is set for her trial. Judge Allen has only to enter the courtroom tomorrow and the wheels of justice will begin to turn.

It will mark the beginning of another chapter in the eventful life of the most talked-of woman in New England.

How will she appear? How will she act? I have asked myself these questions and I am sure every other woman interested in this case has asked them, too. But we will not ask until tomorrow. At 9:30 she will be escorted to the courtroom. Not until she actually faces the stern, cold and depressing atmosphere of a criminal courtroom will we know how this woman of mystery will act.

Today she stands ready for the great ordeal. The routine of jail life has not, as one would imagine, had a telling effect upon her.

Mrs. Eaton is in many respects a most remarkable woman. She has one cardinal virtue that was hers as a girl and which became strengthened in later years—supreme confidence in herself. Her trial will be unique in many ways. It will be the first important murder trial where the mysterious element of poison is concerned since the new framework trial of Jane Tappan more than ten years ago.

The trial will also be a legal duel between two men who have made a study of criminal law. Mrs. Eaton will be defended by William A. Morse, one of the most prominent criminal attorneys in New England. He will be assisted by Francis J. Grogan, who for several years has acted as personal counsel for the accused. The prosecution will be represented by District Attorney Barker. Judge Allen, as the chief justice of the Superior court, has presided over many notable murder trials.

The trial will reveal the inside story of this woman's life—the tragedy of her first marriage; the first and last meeting; her romantic meeting with Admiral Eaton; the patient and forbearing naval officer; all will be told.

The Dingbat Family

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Dauntless Durham of the U. S. A.

Copyright, 1913, International News Service

Even in Jail There's a Sporting Interest in the Game



Polly and Her Pals

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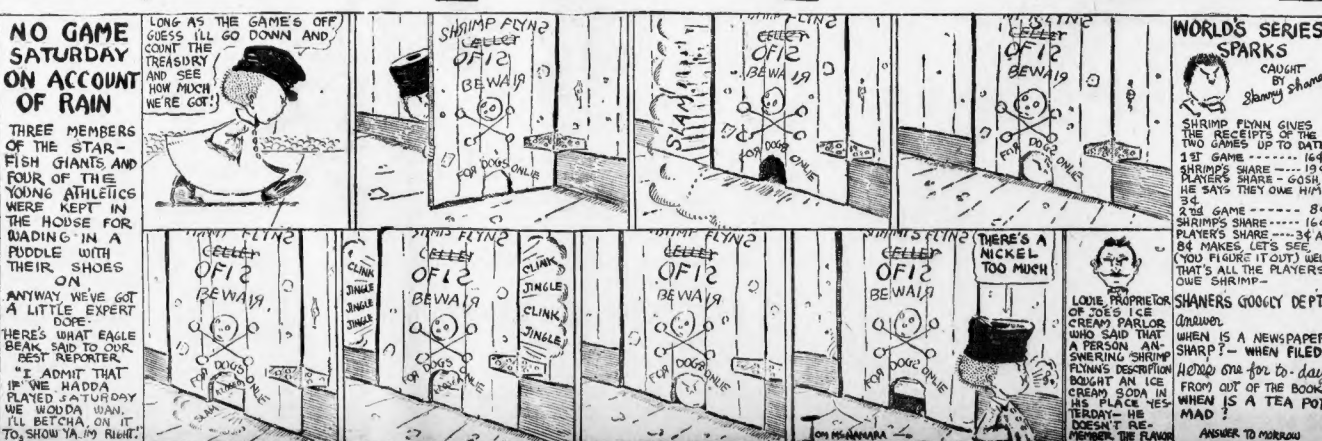
Kisses and No Kisses



Us Boys

Registered United States Patent Office

A Day in a Magnate's Life



FIRST COMPLETE STORY OF LINER VOLTURNO DISASTER

CAPTAIN INCH OF ILL-FATED SHIP PROVES HERO IN SUBDUING COWARDLY CREW.

Continued from First Page.

After he went on board the *Kronos* physicians have been struggling to save his strength. In the position which Captain Inch took when the *Volturmo* sank, the full effect of the heat from the flames that were destroying his ship. At no time, however, did he waver in his position, and he had to be assisted into the boat which took him off the burning vessel.

When the fire started, from an engine somewhere in the depths of the ship, the captain was the first man on deck, quelling the flames and passengers—dodging to control the burning crew.

When the fire started, from an engine somewhere in the depths of the ship, the captain was the first man on deck, quelling the flames and passengers—dodging to control the burning crew.

Death Toll Now Set at 144; 485 Passengers Saved

NEW YORK, Oct. 13.—Cable dispatches received by officials of the Transatlantic line today indicated that 144 persons perished in the *Volturmo* disaster.

The revised figure given out by the Transatlantic line are as follows:

TOTAL NUMBER ON BOARD	654
PASSENGERS	561
CREW	93
RESCUED PASSENGERS	485
CREW	25
LOST	144

DETAILS OF BATTLE WITH GALE-TOSSED SEA IN EFFORT TO SAVE HUNDREDS.

We picked up wireless calls for help from the *Volturmo* about 4 p. m. Thursday. We proceeded at full speed toward the spot where the disaster occurred, finding the *Volturmo* a mass of flames. The fire originated from an explosion in the hold, which had resulted in the death of several passengers and members of the crew.

Given elements reached the scene of the disaster in response to wireless calls from the *Volturmo* and the *Carmania*.

It took over six hours for two small boats from the *Greener* to reach the *Volturmo*. The seas were very high. Approach to the wrecked vessel was almost impossible.

The *Volturmo* was set on fire with five men, who were taken on board and immediately afterwards the life boats were used.

CARMANIA OPERATOR'S STORY OF SEA TRAGEDY

The version of the tragedy given by the *Carmania* operator was as follows: On October 9 we received a call for help from the *Volturmo*, which reported that she had 654 persons, including a crew of 93 on board. The operator on the *Volturmo* said the vessel was on fire and the flames were spreading rapidly through the hull. The *Carmania* was 17 miles away at the time. Captain Inch ordered to come on all steam. Despite the heavy seas which were running at the time and a heavy fog which was blowing, we made the *Volturmo* in about four hours.

When we arrived within sight of the *Volturmo* we saw clouds of smoke issuing from the ship. When we got close enough we could see flames spouting from her ventilators. It seemed that the entire inside of the hull was afire.

Two sets of life boats were seen hanging loose over the sides, showing that lifeboats had been lowered. This was a sure sign that the captain of the *Volturmo* considered the situation serious.

We could see the passengers pulled on the after deck held in safety by life lines. After completing a circuit around the burning ship, a lifeboat, in charge of First Officer E. G. Jones, was lowered. After fighting for two hours to get close to the *Volturmo*, the lifeboat had to be given up. The lifeboat returned with all the crew save three. The crew were so exhausted they had to be helped on board.

Shortly after 3 p. m. Thursday the *Redcliffe* arrived on the scene. Later more boats put in an appearance. Nothing could be done on account of the wind and waves. Nothing could be done on account of the wind and waves. Nothing could be done on account of the wind and waves.

Find Girl Ill in Gas-Filled Room

While Martin Darden, steward, employed since last Friday as a servant in the home of William H. Claves, No. 6 Norfolk terrace, Manhattan, was found in her room today suffering from gas poisoning. Her employer believed she had turned the gas on accidentally. She was treated at City Hospital.

Urges Baptist Flag for Convention

Rapid banners were attached at the business meeting of the Baptist ministers today in Tremont Temple by the Rev. Charles Thayer of North Scituate. "We want banners and to have our flags here in front of their steps and we want our International Baptist Convention meet here in Boston," said Mr. Thayer.

Pathetic Sorries at Steamship Office

NEW YORK, Oct. 13.—Pathetic scenes were witnessed at the Transatlantic office today.

Supreme Court Opens.
Washington, Oct. 13.—The Supreme Court of the United States will begin today its annual eight months session. Court will adjourn in gap in reports to the President.

Dr. MacArthur Accepts.
Baltimore, Oct. 13.—The Rev. Dr. Robert MacArthur, has accepted a call to be pastor of the First Baptist Church of this city. He was pastor of Trinity Baptist Church, New York.

"Your Money Back If You Want It"
WOLF'S
"MY CLOTHIER"
Hatter and Portland Streets

4 Leg Stamps
Lithographs
Hand 29c
Bag 29c

Storing Silver
Cameo 19c
Rings
A single set
of jewelry
including
diamonds
and pearls
for the
whole set

Double Legal Stamps ALL DAY TUESDAY

298 Legal Stamps With This 18.50
Fall Suit at Only 14.97

34 Legal Stamps 2.50 and 3.00
Raincoat 1.79

10 Legal Stamps with Rubber South Western Hat, shown above at 50c

360 Legal Stamps 25.00 New
Fall Suit 18.00

8 Legal Stamps
Japanese Silk, Flannel and Sateen
Waists 1.00 to 1.49 Value 1.49

8 Legal Stamps with Flannelette Night Gowns, Worth 50c

FORCED TO VACATE

The Following Letter Will Explain All:
Sale Begins Tomorrow Morning, 8:30 A. M.

AMORY BUILDING
BLAKE BUILDING
JEWELRY BUILDING
MERCHANTS BUILDING

Goodwear Raincoat Company,
Corner Washington and Winter Streets, Boston.

Dear Sirs,—

You are hereby notified to vacate the premises now occupied by you, the store corner of Washington and Winter Streets, on October 13, 1913.

Yours truly,
Geo. A. Caputo

We Must Sell at Once Our Entire Stock of Men's, Women's and Children's RAINCOATS



Our store has been taken from us! Building plans prohibit us from continuing to do business in the old Filene Building. It's almost a calamity to us. There's only one way out—cut prices as never before—and reduce our immense new fall stock.

Men's and Women's English Slip-Ons, Gabardines, Cravattes, Raincoats and English Tweed Coats Now Go

ALL \$5.00 RAINCOATS \$2.45	RAINCOATS \$5.48	RAINCOATS \$7.48
ALL \$6.50 RAINCOATS \$3.98	ALL \$10 RAINCOATS \$6.50	ALL \$15 TO \$18 RAINCOATS \$8.98

We have some wonderful values for the little folks, including Rain Capes, with Hoods, in blues and reds for girls. Worth \$3.00 and \$3.50, for..... **\$1.29**

GOODWEAR RAINCOAT COMPANY
WASHINGTON ST. Cor. WINTER ST.

WESTERN UNION
TELEGRAM
THEO. N. VAIL, PRESIDENT

Telegraph service adapted to thousands of new uses;
Telegraph service extended to thousands of new places.
The Western Union's contribution to the progress of the country.

THE WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH COMPANY

AMERICAN MILLS CO.
LADIES' TAILORS
67 ESSEX ST. TAKE THE ELEVATOR

HOOD'S-THE SAFE MILK

Healthy children are fond of milk; and nothing else is so good for frail and delicate children as pure, clean, rich milk. Give your children Hood's Milk, maximum of nourishment at lowest cost, and there will be no danger of their taking any infectious disease—because Hood's Milk is PERFECTLY PASTEURIZED.

Utmost watchfulness and the most advanced scientific methods in every step from pasture to delivery preserve the purity, palatability, and body-building qualities of Hood's Milk.

IT COSTS NO MORE THAN UNSAFE MILK
Order of Our Driver-Salesmen, Write or Telephone.

H. P. HOOD & SONS
A PROFIT-SHARING BUSINESS
The Public is Cordially Invited to Visit Any of Our Milk Depots
Telephone Charlestown 600—or the Nearest Delivery Point
—"Information" will connect you.

"Be sure it's the clean pure healthful WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT!"

"It's 'springler'—tastes good longer."

Children know they get all delicious mint leaf taste—no after taste—if it's WRIGLEY'S. They know it's "springler," pleaser, more refreshing—if it's WRIGLEY'S.

So, be sure and get this beneficial, genuine gum, which costs you more to make but costs you no more to buy. Then you will be sure to help your teeth, breath, digestion, appetite.

Chew it after every meal

BUY IT BY THE BOX
of twenty packages. It costs less of any dealer—and stays fresh until used.

Look for the spear
Be sure it's WRIGLEY'S

Apartment-Roxbury.
35 FENWOOD ROAD.
UPPER end of 2 family houses, all improvements, modern, very neat, very comfortable.
Call at 111 Glenmont St., Boston, or at 111 Glenmont St., Boston, or at 111 Glenmont St., Boston.
Call at 111 Glenmont St., Boston, or at 111 Glenmont St., Boston, or at 111 Glenmont St., Boston.

Apartment-Dorchester.
TO LET - 1200 Washington St., Dorchester, 2 family houses, all improvements, modern, very neat, very comfortable.
Call at 111 Glenmont St., Boston, or at 111 Glenmont St., Boston, or at 111 Glenmont St., Boston.
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Stores and Offices to Let.
For Rent with Power.
2 FAMILIAR STORES IN NEWTON
Call at 111 Glenmont St., Boston, or at 111 Glenmont St., Boston, or at 111 Glenmont St., Boston.
Call at 111 Glenmont St., Boston, or at 111 Glenmont St., Boston, or at 111 Glenmont St., Boston.

Male Situations Wanted.
AMERICAN-English, 22 years, 5' 10", 160 lbs., 10 years experience in all branches of the clothing trade, including tailoring, pressing, and alterations. Desires position as assistant or journeyman. References given.
Call at 111 Glenmont St., Boston, or at 111 Glenmont St., Boston, or at 111 Glenmont St., Boston.

Male Help Wanted.
MILL HELP WANTED
FOR BOSTON AND NEWTON
Call at 111 Glenmont St., Boston, or at 111 Glenmont St., Boston, or at 111 Glenmont St., Boston.
Call at 111 Glenmont St., Boston, or at 111 Glenmont St., Boston, or at 111 Glenmont St., Boston.

Male Help Wanted.
MAIL CARRIER WANTED - 22 years, 5' 10", 160 lbs., 10 years experience in all branches of the clothing trade, including tailoring, pressing, and alterations. Desires position as assistant or journeyman. References given.
Call at 111 Glenmont St., Boston, or at 111 Glenmont St., Boston, or at 111 Glenmont St., Boston.

Female Situations Wanted.
DAY WORK - 22 years, 5' 10", 160 lbs., 10 years experience in all branches of the clothing trade, including tailoring, pressing, and alterations. Desires position as assistant or journeyman. References given.
Call at 111 Glenmont St., Boston, or at 111 Glenmont St., Boston, or at 111 Glenmont St., Boston.

Female Help Wanted.
200 Experienced Saleswomen
On Suits, Coats, Gowns, Millinery, Shirt Waists, Hosiery, Underwear, Gloves, Neckwear, Laces and Ribbons.
Apply at Employment Bureau, 33 Avon Street and entrance to fourth floor, 17th Special waiting room for women applicants.

JORDAN MARSH COMPANY
HOME SEWERS WANTED.
TO MAKE Suits, Coats, Gowns, Millinery, Shirt Waists, Hosiery, Underwear, Gloves, Neckwear, Laces and Ribbons.
Apply at Employment Bureau, 33 Avon Street and entrance to fourth floor, 17th Special waiting room for women applicants.

20 GIRLS - NURSING.
NO experience necessary. \$200 per month, 10 hours per week. Desires position as assistant or journeyman. References given.
Call at 111 Glenmont St., Boston, or at 111 Glenmont St., Boston, or at 111 Glenmont St., Boston.

Female Help Wanted.
LADIES - 22 years, 5' 10", 160 lbs., 10 years experience in all branches of the clothing trade, including tailoring, pressing, and alterations. Desires position as assistant or journeyman. References given.
Call at 111 Glenmont St., Boston, or at 111 Glenmont St., Boston, or at 111 Glenmont St., Boston.

Furnished Rooms to Let.
VISITORS TO BOSTON.
Take rooms at Hotel WASHINGTON, 100 Washington St., Boston, or at 111 Glenmont St., Boston, or at 111 Glenmont St., Boston.

Business Opportunities.
HOTEL BUSINESS.
Desires position as assistant or journeyman. References given.
Call at 111 Glenmont St., Boston, or at 111 Glenmont St., Boston, or at 111 Glenmont St., Boston.

Education and Instruction.
AMERICAN SHORTHAND ACADEMY.
Expert Stenographic Course.
Desires position as assistant or journeyman. References given.
Call at 111 Glenmont St., Boston, or at 111 Glenmont St., Boston, or at 111 Glenmont St., Boston.

Pianos and Musical Instruments.
PIANO SALE.
Desires position as assistant or journeyman. References given.
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Wood's Stand Against Successors of Really Great Americans

Marketing of our products will be at the mercy of any nation which has possessed the means of carrying them, AND OUR POLITICS MAY BE IN-FLUENCED BY THOSE WHO COMMAND OUR COMMERCE."—From a statement by THOMAS JEFFERSON, when Secretary of State under President Washington in 1791.

Underwood, in seeking to help repeal the 3 per cent. tariff discrimination in favor of England, has expressed the true and stalwart American spirit. He bluntly refuses to be bullied by those who, having command of our commerce abroad, would now, as Thomas did, seek to "influence" our politics.

The odium for any such supine effort at repeal squarely upon President Wilson and the chairman of the Ways and Means Committee of the House of Representatives takes under the flag of the American merchant marine, undimmed by the protests and interests and foreign governments, which consider American enterprise and Americanly providing a golden field for their own exploitation.

Great Presidents of America have stood on this vital issue has been pointed out by Mr. Underwood. Discriminating duties in favor of the American ship were advocated and enacted into law by the founders of the Democratic party.

Underwood, the father of the Constitution of the United States, employed the logic and force of intellect in favor of a discriminating clause in the very first bill enacted by the Congress THROUGH THE SUCCESSIVE PRESIDENCIES OF WASHINGTON, ADAMS, JEFFERSON, MONROE this thoroughly American policy was sustained. By 1828 American commerce almost entirely in American ships.

A bill was passed suspending—not repealing—the discriminating duties. Its passage led to the sweeping of the American flag off the sea!

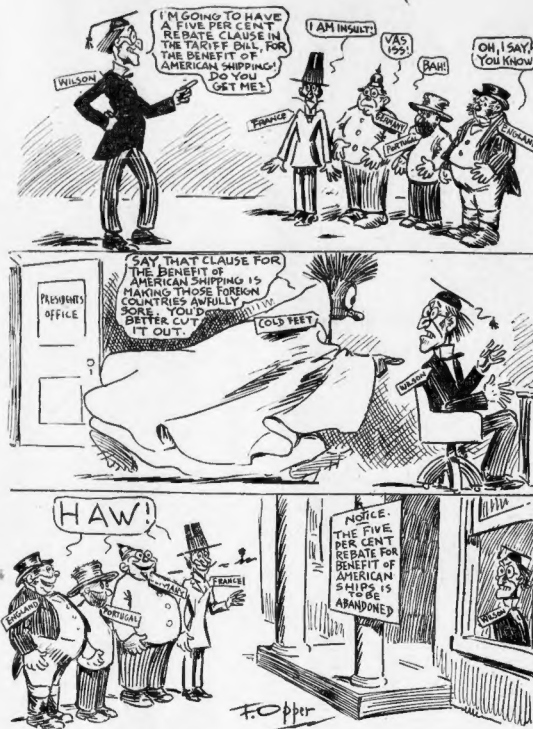
The record of our great, early patriotic American Presidents. And now an American President seeks to repeal the one good thing in a tariff bill which has sent Europe into hysterical joy!

President Wilson has not an embarrassment on his hands, but a TREMENDOUS OPPORTUNITY. He can abrogate the musty treaties, made in the days of the ancient wind-jammers, that stand in the way. Meanwhile they are not violated by the terms of the new law. He can start this new policy in operation. If he is a great American Democrat, he will. If not, and it seems not, Congress can hold up Mr. Underwood's hands and prevent the raising of the British Union Jack, or the French Tricolor, or the German Double Eagle, or the Rising Sun of Japan, or the Flag of Brazil, or of Portugal, over the White House and over the Capitol.

Mr. Underwood stands like a lion for the government of America by Americans imbued with the real American spirit. He must be supported by his fellow-Americans in Congress, and by all of his countrymen whose manhood loathes the word "surrender."

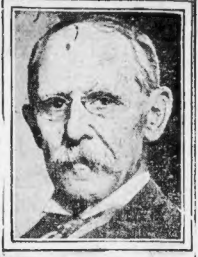
The Bogie Man

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BIRDS AND AEROPLANES

Inventors Are Making a Special Study of All Species of Bird Flight in Hope of Solving the Secret of Flying; If Successful, Aeroplane Flying Will Be Revolutionized and Made Practically Safe.



By GARRETT P. SERVISS.

AN English philosopher once wrote a book on the human mind, showing its inimitable adaptations to its purpose, and its almost infinite capabilities as an instrument, or tool.

There is no doubt that many of the most ingenious and effective mechanical inventions that have ever been made are based upon, and were probably suggested by, the wonderful capacities of the human hand and fingers. Inventors have been able to follow these hints from the structure of the hand because, by daily use, all the various functions of its different parts are perfectly understood.

The wing of a bird is as marvelous an instrument as the hand of a man, and if its action could be as easily comprehended it would show us very quickly the best way to construct a flying machine. Unfortunately, since we were not born with wings, there are many things about them which are mysteries to us.

Inventors will understand this fact, and special studies of the wings of birds are being made for the purpose of getting more light upon their action, in order that the knowledge thus acquired may be applied to the improvement of aeroplanes.

per square foot of surface. Now, no bird is anything like so inefficient as that.

It becomes evident, then, that the wing of the bird depends for its power upon something else besides area. The elements that must be taken into account, and which we cannot yet imitate, or fully comprehend, are the quality of the feathers, the stiffness of the supporting ribs, their elasticity, and other unknown circumstances, which, it is suggested, may depend upon alteration of the bird, that is, upon its mode of nourishment and digestion, which, in turn, affects its nervous and muscular systems.

Understanding Flight Would Solve Flying Machine Problem

Probably a complete comprehension of the mechanism of flight of a single bird, such as the gull, would place in our hands the means of making a flying machine incomparably superior to any yet produced. The full secret of the bird's being discovered, we might be able to imitate it. But that secret remains hidden.

Not long ago I stood on the deck of a steamer in Plymouth Harbor, and, with a number of intelligent men, who were as interested as myself, watched the flight of hundreds of gulls, which came so close that the movements of their eyes were plainly visible. It was an exhibition of nature's magic as wonderful as could be imagined. The birds soared, turned, descended, rose, increased and decreased their speed, by slight tiltings of their wings and changes of balance, only occasionally flapping their wings for a few seconds, and it actually seemed to the observer as if they did all this by mere exercise of the will, as we sometimes imagine ourselves flying in our dreams. One would have said that they possessed some source of energy, every unknown to us. When the steamer moved off they followed and, without the least apparent exertion, sped off without any visible movement of wing, kept abreast of it, outstripped it and sailed all around it. Without a single flap of its wings a gull would suddenly double its speed, and vice versa.

This fact may prove of great use, for hitherto it has been assumed by the makers of aeroplanes that the best flying machine must be that having the most powerful motor and at the same time the greatest lifting power per unit of surface. Exactly the opposite relation is found among birds. The best flyers have, by far, the feeblest motive power and carry the smallest weight per unit of surface.

Direct comparison has shown that if an aeroplane of thirty feet spread, and carrying about four pounds per square foot, is reduced homologically, or part by part, to the dimensions of a bird of three feet spread, it can carry a weight of only about two-fifths of a pound

Mr. Brandeis Has Been Chosen as the Public's Champion in the Railroad Rate Controversy—The AMERICAN Congratulates the Public

It must be gratifying to the true friends of the best interests of New England to learn that the Interstate Commerce Commission has selected Mr. Louis D. Brandeis to represent the public in the hearing on the petition of the railroads to be permitted to increase their rates.

If the railroads are allowed to increase their rates, it means an increase in the cost of living, because nearly everything that we wear or eat or otherwise use is brought over the railroad and we pay the railroad charge when we buy the goods or the food.

If the people ever really wake up to the supreme importance of questions which affect the railroad service, they will find a means materially to reduce the cost of living.

Take the recent misbehavior of the New Haven Railroad, as an example. In the wild pursuit of an unlawful monopoly, this railroad ALONE has increased its indebtedness by a great many millions dollars. Every dollar lost by the accumulation of that debt, the people of New England must pay. But this is not their ONLY loss. Mismanagement has followed inattention to legitimate railroad operation, because the Wall Street speculators who control the New Haven were not looking to honest railroad business for their profits, but rather to commissions and rake-offs on this increasing indebtedness and to the opportunities for extortion which a monopoly in the transportation field would give them by advancing rates WHEN THEY HAVE NO LONGER ANY RAILROAD COMPETITOR AND WHEN GOODS MUST BE SHIPPED OVER THEIR ROAD OR OVER NO ROAD AT ALL.

Neither does this complete the loss to the public. The Boston & Maine Railroad was a great New England institution just before the New Haven grabbed it, contrary to law. Its stock had sold for \$190 a share. It had paid 6 per cent. dividends. It had paid good dividends for fifty years. Immediately after the New Haven got possession of it, its stock began to decline until now it is 62½, and its dividends began to decline until now they are entirely wiped out. Its organization became demoralized and business on its rails became almost stagnant.

The total loss to the business of New England in a territory served by this railroad will never be known. It means a great deal to any section of the country, competing in business with another section, to be handicapped by poor railroad service.

Now after the New Haven Railroad has had its debauch and after Morgan and the Wall Street speculators who controlled it have got their commission money in their pockets and after they have established their monopoly and after they have created a deficit in the New Haven treasury, they now turn to the public, asking for more money by an increase in rates.

This is exactly what Mr. Hearst and Mr. Brandeis both predicted more than a year ago would happen.

Thus, Mr. Brandeis survives all the miserable slanders which the secret and public agents of the railroad heaped upon him when he was warning the public against its aggrandizement. He is selected by the government to be the public champion in this GREAT controversy. The AMERICAN congratulates the public.

The Splendid Mission of the Schoolhouse

In East Boston, Charlestown, Roxbury and South Boston are four splendid high school buildings.

Around these public schools revolves the social and educational life of the communities of which they are the centres.

They are now excellent examples of self-sustaining democracy. Clubs for dressmaking, millinery, cooking, homemaking and music are well patronized by mothers and young women.

The gymnasiums draw men and boys in large numbers and membership in the school orchestras is considered an honor.

The large assembly halls with their stage equipment are constantly in demand for dramatic performances, lectures, moving pictures and for discussions on local needs as well as on general civic matters.

There are welfare leagues composed of citizens who are working for the interests of their districts.

The young people dance in fine sanitary surroundings and under wholesome supervision.

The work of these "Evening Centres," as they are called, is carried on by the directors of the evening schools, with a large corps of assistants, but the initiation and the execution of the programs are largely in the hands of the members.

Councils composed of representatives from each of the individual "Opportunity Clubs" pass upon important matters of management and provide entertainment, engage lecturers and censor moving pictures to be shown on the lecture evenings.

These Evening Centres are paid for by a special tax of two cents on every \$1,000 worth of taxable property.

All activities are free to members, who pay small dues to their individual club treasuries.

This movement to popularize the public schools, to make more use of them in providing social and educational opportunities for those whose regular school days are long past, has the entire approval of the Boston AMERICAN, which is watching the spread of such activities to other schools and to other towns with gratification.

To see the ideal of a wider use of schoolhouses fruiting steadily into such glorious realization is a pleasure of the highest kind.

Boston's enormous educational plant, excelled in value and perfection of equipment by few cities in America, and which has been used only to about a quarter of its capacity, is now beginning to realize its magnificent meaning and possibility to the people.

Boston is getting 30 per cent. more out of its public schools than she ever did in the past; more than doubling the educational value to the country.

It is using its costly and inspiring buildings to educate—one-half for the young, but the other half for the adult population.

The opening of two more schoolhouses this coming week, the Dorchester High School and the Washington Grammar, points to the rapidly spreading demand for more centres and more opportunities for the eager citizens.

Boston is leading the way now to the system which will tend to wipe out jails and oblige brothels and repudiate the grafter and the thug, and to establish the real commonwealth in which false ideals are banished and healthy pleasures established.

A SUBJECT NATION

By JAMES J. MONTAGUE

The United States is yet English led and English ruled.—Ambassador Page.

SOMEHOW we sort of fancied that the Boys from Valley Forge. In our history's early morning had walked out on old King George.

Long we've cherished the delusion that since old Ben Franklin's day we had cheerfully been traveling our independent way.

We thought that we had struggled free from sceptre and from throne and after our own modest way were going it alone.

But Page has showed us our mistake, and now, alas, we see that through these wasted years we've just imagined we were free.

Or, to put it in different words, the larger the wing surface the smaller the motive power, and vice versa.

This fact may prove of great use, for hitherto it has been assumed by the makers of aeroplanes that the best flying machine must be that having the most powerful motor and at the same time the greatest lifting power per unit of surface. Exactly the opposite relation is found among birds. The best flyers have, by far, the feeblest motive power and carry the smallest weight per unit of surface.

Direct comparison has shown that if an aeroplane of thirty feet spread, and carrying about four pounds per square foot, is reduced homologically, or part by part, to the dimensions of a bird of three feet spread, it can carry a weight of only about two-fifths of a pound

WHEN Mr. Washington stepped out and took Cornwallis' sword. Right after we had halloped the remaining British horde. We thought he'd done a first-class job and that our infant nation had made good every promise in its glorious Declaration.

But Page, it seems, thinks otherwise. He makes it very plain that all that bitter seven years of fighting was in vain. Despite this Yorktown episode we still are held in thrall. Our necks are bowed beneath British heels, and we're not free at all.

WE liked to think that John Paul Jones, with sassiness and ease, had showed the Britons that we had the right to sail the seas. We thought that when that second war was fought and won at last that all the nations would admit our servitude was past. Our steamships all took off their coats and set to work to run the line as they saw fit, nor asked advice from any one. They did this to the present day, but now Page comes along. And in his frank and breezy way assures us they were wrong.

"WE'RE English led and English ruled," says Page; yet here and there. Are people who don't know it yet, so let us not despair. Some ninety millions who believe in their deluded way. That they will be the bosses of their country, come what may. But if some proof of their domineering British really need. We cheerfully will give 'em Page. He'll do to rule and lead!

THE GATE

By WILLIAM F. KIRK

"THIS is a picture of our gate," a sweet old mother said; "They had it trimmed with roses on the day that we were wed."

Our children swung upon it once, and when the sun was low Our May was used to larger thiers and with their hair. But always I remember most one bright September day. "When my big boy walked through the gate, the time he went away."

"I had this picture taken when this home that we loved best Was sold to city people just before we left the West. I like to see its mossy posts and hear my big boy say, 'Don't cry, dear little mother; I am coming back some day.' When I look hard at this old gate I always seem to see His handsome, smiling features as he threw a kiss at me."

"He never comes to see us now, with all his wealth and fame; He doesn't often write us, but we love him just the same. It makes us proud and happy just to know that he is great. To know he started winking from the day he left the gate. But I would give the years to come, with all their joy and pain, To see these mossy gate posts and to kiss my boy again."